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1 2 3 4 5 6 7	PHILLIP A. TALBERT United States Attorney KIMBERLY A. SANCHEZ Assistant United States Attorney 2500 Tulare Street, Suite 4401 Fresno, CA 93721 Telephone: (559) 497-4000 Facsimile: (559) 497-4099 Attorneys for Plaintiff United States of America		
8 9	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
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11	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	CASE NO. 1:20-CR-00116 JLT-SKO	
12 13	Plaintiff,	STIPULATION CONTINUING STATUS CONFERENCE AND REGARDING	
14	PAO VANG,	EXCLUDABLE TIME PERIODS UNDER SPEEDY TRIAL ACT; ORDER	
15 16	a/k/a "CLOWNSY," JHOVANNY DELGADO-MARCELO, a/k/a "JHIO," and JOHNNY XIONG,	DATE: January 18, 2023 TIME: 1:00 p.m. COURT: Hon. Sheila K. Oberto	
17	Defendants.		
18 19 20 21 22	Oberto, U.S. Magistrate Court Judge. The parties stipulate and request to continue the status conference to May 31, 2023 at 1:00 p.m. This case involves complex issues and intersecting state and federal cases and counsel need additional time based in part on state timing, and also to review discovery, conduct		
23	additional investigation, and engage in additional discussions with the government before doing so. On May 26, 2021, the Court issued General Order 631, which provided for a reopening of the courthouse in June 2021, recognized the continued public health emergency, continued to authorize		
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26		ious cases, and noted the court's continued ability under	
27	the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act (the "Act") to continue trials and		
28	other matters, excluding time under the Act. On June 27, 2022, the Court issued General Order 652,		
	which "authorized the use of videoconference and teleconference technology in certain criminal		
	STIDLIL ATION REGADDING EVOLUDADLE TIME	1	

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proceedings under the in the Eastern District of California." This and previous General Orders highlight and were entered to address public health concerns related to COVID-19.

Although the General Orders address the district-wide health concern, the Supreme Court has emphasized that the Speedy Trial Act's end-of-justice provision "counteract[s] substantive openendedness with procedural strictness," "demand[ing] on-the-record findings" in a particular case. *Zedner v. United States*, 547 U.S. 489, 509 (2006). "[W]ithout on-the-record findings, there can be no exclusion under" § 3161(h)(7)(A). *Id.* at 507. Moreover, any such failure cannot be harmless. *Id.* at 509; *see also United States v. Ramirez-Cortez*, 213 F.3d 1149, 1153 (9th Cir. 2000) (explaining that a judge ordering an ends-of-justice continuance must set forth explicit findings on the record "either orally or in writing").

Based on the plain text of the Speedy Trial Act—which *Zedner* emphasizes as both mandatory and inexcusable—General Orders 611, 612, 617, 631 and 652 require specific supplementation. Endsof-justice continuances are excludable only if "the judge granted such continuance on the basis of his findings that the ends of justice served by taking such action outweigh the best interest of the public and the defendant in a speedy trial." 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7)(A). Moreover, no such period is excludable unless "the court sets forth, in the record of the case, either orally or in writing, its reason or finding that the ends of justice served by the granting of such continuance outweigh the best interests of the public and the defendant in a speedy trial." *Id*.

The General Orders exclude delay in the "ends of justice." 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7) (Local Code T4). Although the Speedy Trial Act does not directly address continuances stemming from pandemics, natural disasters, or other emergencies, this Court has discretion to order a continuance in such circumstances. For example, the Ninth Circuit affirmed a two-week ends-of-justice continuance following Mt. St. Helens' eruption. *Furlow v. United States*, 644 F.2d 764 (9th Cir. 1981). The court recognized that the eruption made it impossible for the trial to proceed. *Id.* at 767-68; *see also United States v. Correa*, 182 F. Supp. 326, 329 (S.D.N.Y. 2001) (citing *Furlow* to exclude time following the September 11, 2001 terrorist attacks and the resultant public emergency). The coronavirus is posing a similar, albeit more enduring, barrier to the prompt proceedings mandated by the statutory rules.

In light of the societal context created by the foregoing, this Court should consider the following

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case-specific facts in finding excludable delay appropriate in this particular case under the ends-of-justice exception, § 3161(h)(7) (Local Code T4). ¹ If continued, this Court should designate a new date for the status conference. *United States v. Lewis*, 611 F.3d 1172, 1176 (9th Cir. 2010) (noting any pretrial continuance must be "specifically limited in time").

STIPULATION

Plaintiff United States of America, by and through its counsel of record, and defendants, by and through defendants' counsel of record, hereby stipulate as follows:

- 1. Defense counsel needs additional time. This case involves complex issues and intersecting state and federal cases, and counsel need additional time based in part on state timing, and also to review discovery, conduct additional investigation, and engage in additional discussions with the government before doing so. Additionally, the resolution of this case relates to proceedings in state court, and the next state court date is January 18, 2023. The assigned Deputy District Attorney believes they will set the next court date for 3 4 months after that. As such, the parties request a status conference on May 31, 2023.
- 2. By this stipulation, defendants now move to continue the January 18, 2023 status conference to May 31, 2023 and to exclude time from January 18, 2023 to May 31, 2023 under Local Code T4.
- 3. *Procedural History*: On January 2, 2020,² the defendants were charged via criminal complaint with 18 USC § 1959(a)(5) Conspiracy to Commit Murder in aid of Racketeering. Dkt. 1. The defendants made their initial appearances in U.S. Magistrate Court between January 3 and January 6, 2020. Dkt. 11, 13, and 16. The preliminary hearing was set for February 4, 2020. *Id.* On or about January 8, 2020, the defendants appearend in U.S. Magistrate Court for a detention hearing. Dkt. 21. The Honorable Stanley A. Boone ordered them to remain detained and granted the parties request to continue the preliminary hearing to March 4, 2020, and excluded time. Dkt. 18, 19, 20, and 21. On February 27, 2020, the parties filed a stipulation and proposed order to continue the preliminary hearing

¹ The parties note that General Order 612 acknowledges that a district judge may make "additional findings to support the exclusion" at the judge's discretion. General Order 612, ¶ 5 (E.D. Cal. March 18, 2020).

² A previous filing indicated defendants were charged on "January 20, 2020" – this was a typographical error.

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to April 17, 2020, and the Honorable Magistrate Judge Erica P. Grosjean issued an Order granting the continuance. Dkt. 26, 27. The parties submitted a series of stipulations and proposed orders to continue the preliminary hearing which were granted through July 31, 2020. Dkt. 29, 30, 32, 33. On July 23, 2020, a grand jury returned an indictment charging the defendants with a violation of 18 USC § 1959(a)(5) - Conspiracy to Commit Murder in aid of Racketeering. Dkt. 34. On or about July 30, 2020, the parties submitted a stipulation and proposed order to continue the arraignment on the indictment. Dkt. 35. The Court granted the request and continued the arraignment to September 21, 2020. Dkt. 38. The parties submitted a series of stipulations and proposed orders continuing the arraignment through May 3, 2022. Dkt. 39, 40, 42, 4344, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 61, 62. On May 3, 2022, the Honorable Sheila K. Oberto arraigned the defendants on the indictment and set a status conference for September 7, 2022. Dkt. 63, 65. On September 2, 2022, the parties filed a stipulation and proposed order continuing the status conference to January 18, 2023, which was granted. Dkt. 69, 70. The instant stipulation and proposed order seeks to continue the January 18, 2023 proceeding.

- 4. The parties agree and stipulate, and request that the Court find the following:
- a) The government has represented that the discovery associated with this case includes investigative reports, videos, photos, and related documents in electronic form. All of this discovery has been either produced directly to counsel and/or made available for inspection and copying. Additionally, the resolution of this case relates to proceedings in state court, and the next state court date is January 18, 2023. The assigned Deputy District Attorney believes they will set the next court date for 3-4 months after that. As such, the parties request a status conference on May 31, 2023.
 - b) The government does not object to the continuance.
- In addition to the public health concerns cited by the General Orders and c) declarations of judicial emergency, and presented by the evolving COVID-19 pandemic, an ends-of-justice delay is particularly apt in this case because:
 - Defendants ability to prepare for trial or a plea has been inhibited by the public health emergency;

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1	Defendants needs additional time to review discovery, and conduct additional		
2	investigation; and		
3	d) Pasad on the above stated findings, the ends of justice served by continuing the		
4	d) Based on the above-stated findings, the ends of justice served by continuing the		
5	case as requested outweigh the interest of the public and the defendant in a trial within the		
6	original date prescribed by the Speedy Trial Act. 18 U.S.C. & 3161		
7	e) For the purpose of computing time under the Speedy Trial Act, 18 U.S.C. § 3161,		
8	et seq., within which trial must commence, the time period of January 18, 2023 to May 31, 2023,		
9	inclusive, is deemed excludable pursuant to 18 U.S.C.§ 3161(h)(7)(A), B(iv) [Local Code T4]		
0	because it results from a continuance granted by the Court at defendant's request on the basis of		
1	the Court's finding that the ends of justice served by taking such action outweigh the best interest		
12	of the public and the defendant in a speedy trial.		
3	5. Nothing in this stipulation and order shall preclude a finding that other provisions of the		
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5	must commence.		
6	IT IS SO STIPULATED.		
17	Dated: January 5, 2023 PHILLIP A. TALBERT		
18	United States Attorney		
9	/s/ KIMBERLY A. SANCHEZ		
20	KIMBERLY A. SANCHEZ Assistant United States Attorney		
21	Dated: January 5, 2023 /s/ Erin Snider		
22	Attorney for Defendant JHOVANNY DELGADO-MARCELO		
23	VIIO VIII VII DEEGIDO MINICELEO		
24	Dated: January 5, 2023 /s/ Robert Lamanuzzi		
25	Attorney for Defendant JOHNNY XIONG		
26	Dated: January 5, 2023 /s/ Harry Drandell		
27	Attorney for Defendant		
28	PAO VANG		

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1		ORDER
2	IT IS SO ORDERED.	
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5	D. TED 1/6/2022	Shila K Ohat
6	DATED: 1/6/2022	Sheila K. Oberto THE HONORABLE SHEILA K. OBERTO
7		UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE COURT JUDGE
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